

What is Claimed is:

- 1 1. A method of analyzing a set of values, comprising:
 - 2 (a) defining a plurality of subsets of contiguous values within the set of values;
 - 3 (b) determining a measure of variation for each of the plurality of subsets to produce a plurality of measures of variation corresponding to the plurality of subsets; and
 - 4 (c) categorizing the set of values based upon an analysis of the plurality of measures of variation.
- 1 2. The method of claim 1 wherein the set of values is a set of measurement values.
- 1 3. The method of claim 2 wherein the measurement values are values measured from a communication signal.
- 1 4. The method of claim 2 wherein the measurement values are values measured from one of an observed substance and an observed event.
- 1 5. The method of claim 1 wherein the set of values is a set of residual values.
- 1 6. The method of claim 5 wherein the residual values are the result of numerical analysis of a communication signal.
- 1 7. The method of claim 5 wherein the residual values are the result of numerical analysis of values associated with one of an observed substance and an observed event.
- 1 8. The method of claim 1, wherein the set of values is characterized as one of homoscedastic and heteroscedastic.

1 9. The method of claim 1 wherein (a) further comprises:

2 (a.1) defining a range of values not greater than a number of values within the set of
3 values; and

4 (a.2) defining a subset of values by positioning the range at a specific position within the
5 set of values.

1 10. The method of claim 9, wherein (a) further includes:

2 (a.3) varying the size of the range for a plurality of the subsets.

1 11. The method of claim 9, wherein (a) further includes:

2 (a.3) varying the position of the range within the set of values for a plurality of the
3 subsets.

1 12. The method of claim 9, wherein (a) further includes:

2 (a.3) varying the size of the range for a plurality of the subsets; and

3 (a.4) varying the position of the range within the set of values for a plurality of the
4 subsets.

1 13. The method of claim 1 wherein (b) further comprises:

2 (b.1) storing the determined measure of variation.

1 14. The method of claim 13, wherein in (b.1) further comprises:

2 (b.1.1) storing a determined measure of variation in association with a size of the range
3 and a position of the range associated with the subset for which the measure of variation was
4 determined.

1 15. The method of claim 1, wherein in (c) further comprises:

2 (c.1) categorizing the set of values based upon a difference between a measure of
3 variation determined for one of the plurality of subsets and a measure of variation determined for
4 another one of the plurality of subsets.

1 16. The method of claim 1, wherein (c) further comprises:

2 (c.1) categorizing the set of values based upon n-way principal component analysis of the
3 measures of variation determined for the plurality of subsets.

1 17. The method of claim 1, wherein in (c) further comprises:

2 (c.1) categorizing the set of values based upon visual analysis of a plot of the measures of
3 variation determined for the plurality of subsets.

1 18. The method of claim 17, wherein the visual analysis is based upon patterns within
2 one of a two-dimensional plot and a three-dimensional plot of the measures of variation
3 determined for the plurality of subsets.

1 19. The method of claim 17, wherein a position of a measure of variation within the plot
2 is based upon a size of the subset and a position of the subset for which the measure of variation
3 was determined.

1 20. An apparatus for analyzing a set of values, comprising:

2 (a) a windowing module that defines a plurality of subsets of contiguous values within the
3 set of values;

4 (b) an analysis module that determines a measure of variation for each of the plurality of
5 subsets to produce a plurality of measures of variation corresponding to the plurality of subsets;
6 and

7 (c) an assessment module that categorizes the set of values based upon an analysis of the
8 plurality of measures of variation.

1 21. The apparatus of claim 20 wherein the set of values is a set of measurement values.

1 22. The apparatus of claim 21 wherein the measurement values are values measured

2 from a communication signal.

1 23. The apparatus of claim 21 wherein the measurement values are values measured
2 from one of an observed substance and an observed event.

1 24. The apparatus of claim 20 wherein the set of values is a set of residual values.

1 25. The apparatus of claim 21 wherein the residual values are the result of numerical
2 analysis of a communication signal.

1 26. The apparatus of claim 21 wherein the residual values are the result of numerical
2 analysis of values associated with one of an observed substance and an observed event.

1 27. The apparatus of claim 20, wherein the assessment module characterizes the set of
2 values as one of homoscedastic and heteroscedastic.

1 28. The apparatus of claim 20 wherein the windowing module defines a range of values
2 not greater than a number of values within the set of values.

1 29. The apparatus of claim 20 wherein the windowing module defines a subset of values
2 by positioning the range at a specific position within the set of values.

1 30. The apparatus of claim 28, wherein the windowing module further varies the size of
2 the range for a plurality of the subsets.

1 31. The apparatus of claim 29, wherein the windowing module varies the position of the
2 range within the set of values for a plurality of the subsets.

1 32. The apparatus of claim 20 wherein the analysis module stores the determined
2 measure of variation.

1 33. The apparatus of claim 32, wherein the analysis module stores a determined measure
2 of variation in association with the size of the range and the position of the range associated with
3 the subset for which the measure of variation was determined.

1 34. The apparatus of claim 20, wherein the assessment module categorizes the set of
2 values based upon a difference between a measure of variation determined for one of the
3 plurality of subsets and a measure of variation determined for another one of the plurality of
4 subsets.

1 35. The apparatus of claim 20, wherein the assessment module categorizes the set of
2 values based upon n-way principal component analysis of the measures of variation determined
3 for the plurality of subsets.

1 36. The apparatus of claim 20, wherein the assessment module categorizes the set of
2 values based upon visual analysis of a plot of the measures of variation determined for the
3 plurality of subsets.

1 37. The apparatus of claim 36, wherein the visual analysis is based upon patterns within
2 one of a two-dimensional plot and a three-dimensional plot of the measures of variation
3 determined for the plurality of subsets.

1 38. The apparatus of claim 36, wherein a position of a measure of variation within the
2 plot is based upon a size of the subset and a position of the subset for which the measure of
3 variation was determined.

1 39. A program product apparatus having a computer readable medium with computer
2 program logic recorded thereon for analyzing a set of values, said program product apparatus
3 comprising:

4 (a) a windowing module that defines a plurality of subsets of contiguous values within the
5 set of values;

6 (b) an analysis module that determines a measure of variation for each of the plurality of
7 subsets to produce a plurality of measures of variation corresponding to the plurality of subsets;
8 and

9 (c) an assessment module that categorizes the set of values based upon an analysis of the
10 plurality of measures of variation.

1 40. The program product apparatus of claim 39 wherein the set of values is a set of
2 measurement values.

1 41. The program product apparatus of claim 39 wherein the set of values is a set of
2 residual values.

1 42. The program product apparatus of claim 39, wherein the assessment module
2 characterizes the set of values as one of homoscedastic and heteroscedastic.

1 43. The program product apparatus of claim 39, wherein the assessment module
2 categorizes the set of values based upon a difference between a measure of variation determined
3 for one of the plurality of subsets and a measure of variation determined for another one of the
4 plurality of subsets.

1 44. The program product apparatus of claim 39, wherein the assessment module
2 categorizes the set of values based upon n-way principal component analysis of the measures of
3 variation determined for the plurality of subsets.

1 45. The program product apparatus of claim 39, wherein the assessment module
2 categorizes the set of values based upon visual analysis of a plot of the measures of variation
3 determined for the plurality of subsets.

1 46. A apparatus for analyzing a set of values, comprising:
2 (a) means for defining a plurality of subsets of contiguous values within the set of values;
3 (b) means for determining a measure of variation for each of the plurality of subsets to
4 produce a plurality of measures of variation corresponding to the plurality of subsets; and
5 (c) means for categorizing the set of values based upon an analysis of the plurality of
6 measures of variation.

1 47. The apparatus of claim 46 wherein the set of values is a set of measurement values.

1 48. The apparatus of claim 46 wherein the set of values is a set of residual values.

1 49. The apparatus of claim 46, wherein means (a) characterizes the set of values as one
2 of homoscedastic and heteroscedastic.

1 50. The apparatus of claim 46, wherein in means (c) further comprises:
2 (c.1) means for categorizing the set of values based upon a difference between a measure
3 of variation determined for one of the plurality of subsets and a measure of variation determined
4 for another one of the plurality of subsets.